

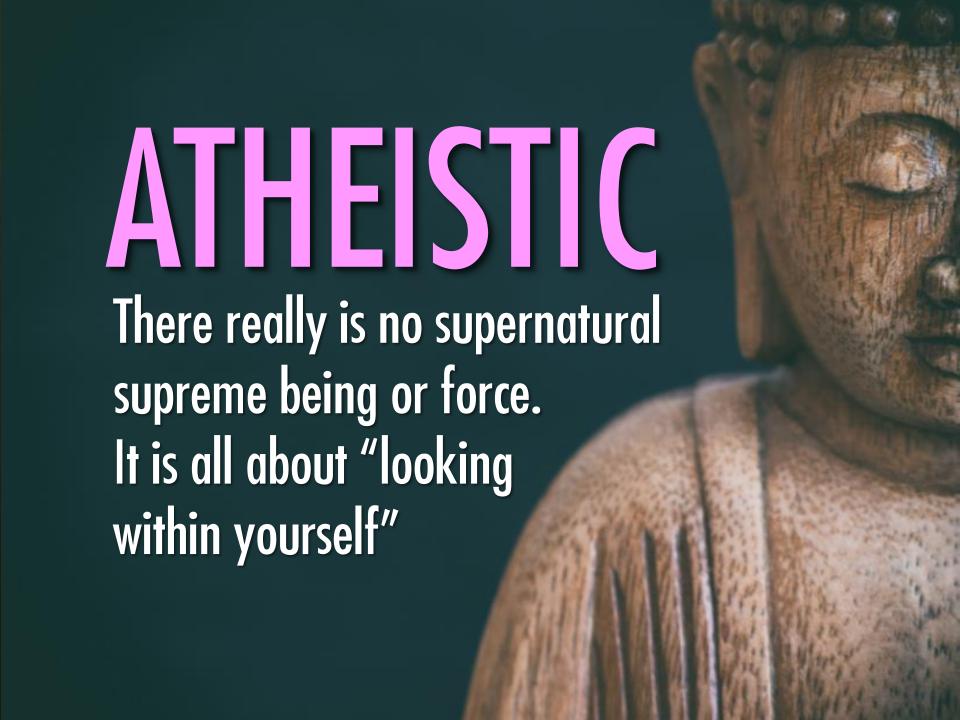
Tibetan Book of the Dead rituals on death, discusses life between death & next life (bardo)



Mahayana Sutras — words of Buddha & *Mahayanna Buddhists* 

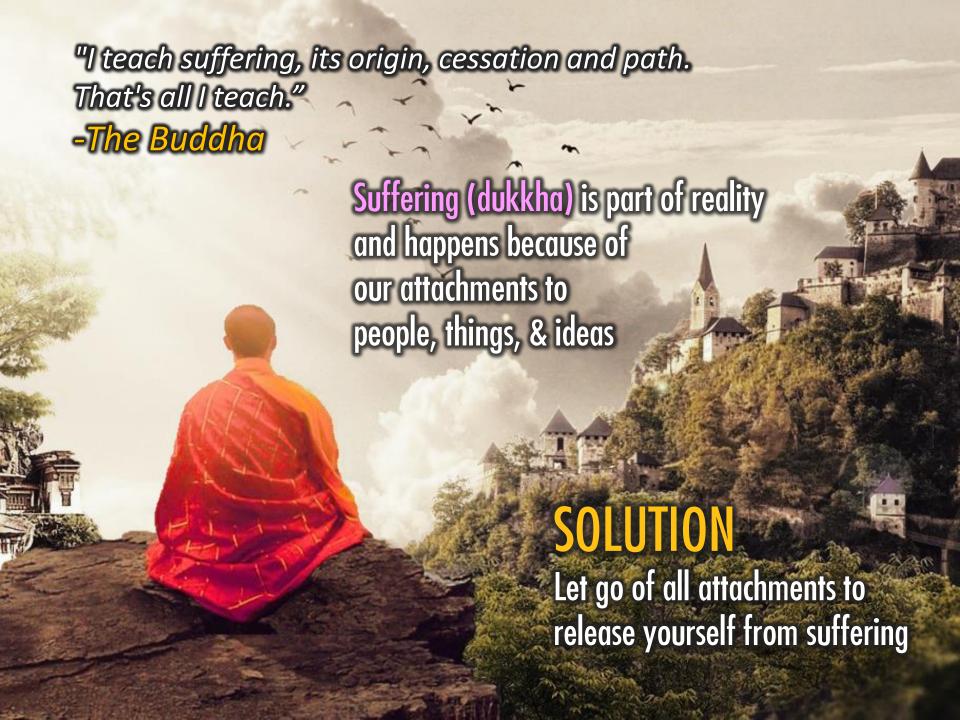


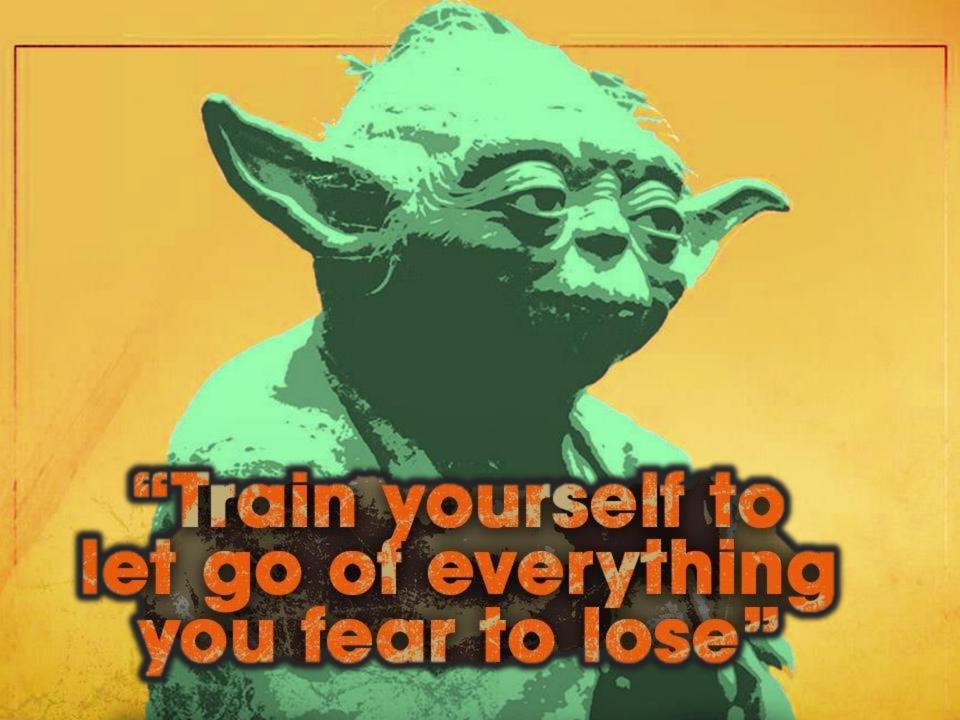












Buddhism, called the Middle Way, beigns with Four Truths & the Path.

# The Four Noble Truths

1 All life is suffering "dukkha" There is Suffering - PAIN.

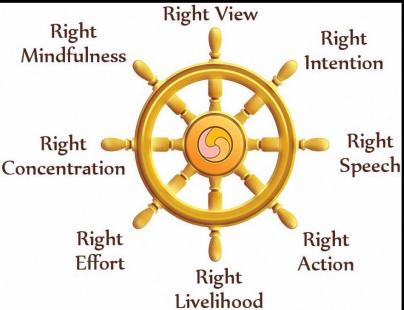
- Birth trauma
- Illness
- Old age
- Fear of death
- Separation from what one loves

The way to stop suffering is to stop desire
The end of suffering comes with the end of desire - END ATTACHMENT.

4 To remove desire, follow

The cause of suffering the Noble Eightfold Path is desire "tanha" There is There is a WAY to let go of suffering because of desire - CRAVING. desire - The quiet mind. Reference text: The Dhammapada® Hollon Publishing Wallot Wisdom Card #27, Box 52836, Tulsa OK 7415:





### **View**

- "Right view" is to have the right concepts and right ideas
- Right view encompasses observations that lead us away from delusion and wrong views. It is the wisdom that truly comprehends cause and effect. It is the right understanding that results from contemplating phenomena through the three Dharma seals, the Four Noble Truths, and the twelve links of dependent origination. Looking at it from a broader perspective, we can see that all truths of Buddhism are right view.

#### Wisdom

# Speech

- "Right speech" is wholesome verbal karma, and also refers to four of the ten wholesome actions. There are four kinds of right speech:
- 1) Words of truth. These are words that are true, honest, and not duplicitous, 2) Words of compassion. These are words that are kind, soft, and give others confidence, 3) Words of praise. These are words that encourage others and bring them joy, and 4) Words of altruism. These are words that help and benefit others.

### Morality

## Livelihood

- "Right livelihood" refers to the right occupation and right way to make a living. Having a moral profession in life is extremely important because most unwholesomeness comes from doing things that harm others and ourselves.
- Occupations such as working in a gambling establishment or a brothel, or dealing drugs or arms are not examples of right livelihood because they involve killing, stealing, lying, engaging in sexual misconduct, and selling intovi each.

#### Morality

# Mindfulness

- "Right mindfulness" is also known as true contemplation. It means to have a mind that is pure, aware, and does not give rise to unwholesome thoughts. It is contemplating the right path.
- There are four applications of right mindfulness. They are: 1) Contemplate the impurities of the body, 2) Contemplate the suffering of feelings, 3) Contemplate the impermanence of the mind, and 4) Contemplate the non-selfhood of phenomena

#### Meditation

# Thought

- "Right thought" is also known as right determination, right differentiation, right awareness, or right intention.
- Eliminate the three poisons of greed, anger, and ignorance by keeping
  your thoughts in accord with the right Dharma at every moment. The
  three poisons of greed, anger, and ignorance bind us, and keep us from
  seeking the Way. When our thoughts are in accord with the right Dharma
  at every moment, we can eliminate the three poisons and grow closer to
  becoming Buddhas.

#### Wisdom

### Action

- "Right action" is behavior that is right and in accord with the truth. It is wholesome bodily kamna, which includes three of the ten wholesome actions: not killing, not stealing, and not engaging in sexual misconduct.
- However, following this is just passively not committing unwholesome deeds.
- The active meaning of right action is to protect life, be compassionate, and give charity.

### Morality

### Effort

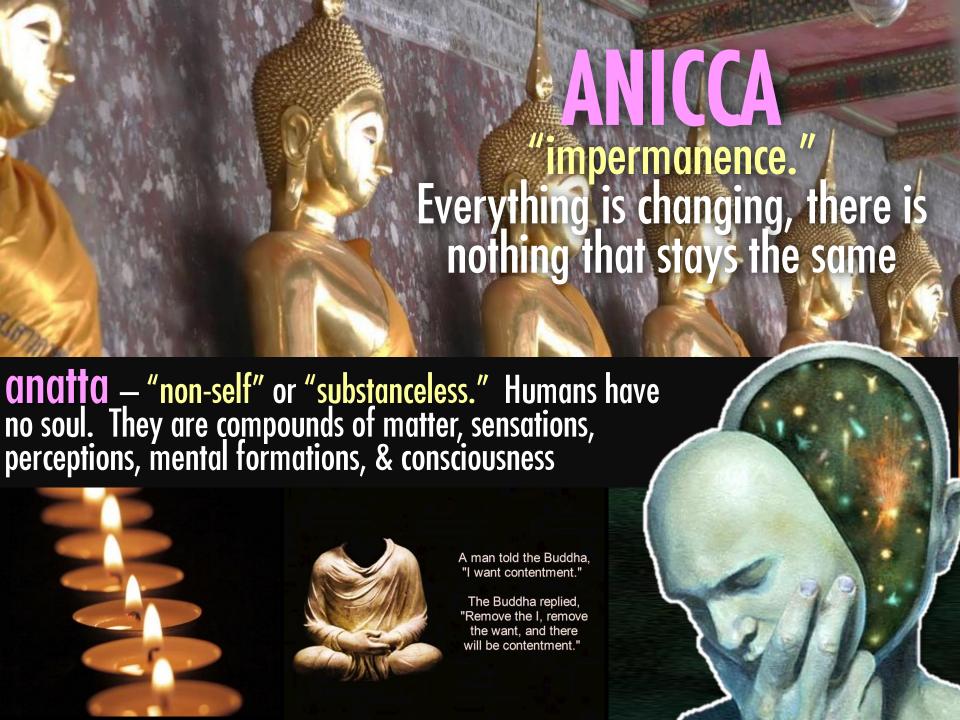
- "Right effort" is also known as right diligence, right skillful means, and caring for the Dharma. It means that we should move in the direction of truth with courage and diligence.
- The four right efforts are: to prevent unwholesome states that have not yet arisen, to end unwholesome states that have arisen, to develop wholesome states that have not yet arisen, and to strengthen wholesome states that have arisen.

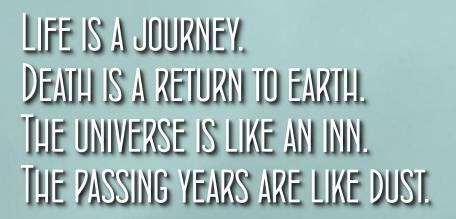
### Meditation

### Concentration

- "Right meditative concentration" is using samadhi to focus the mind and settle the distracted body so we can better cultivate ourselves. True samadhi is not merely a matter of sitting in meditation; it is also developing and exploring our inner capacity.
- Right meditative concentration should bring us good health. It should help us focus on single-mindedness and attain peace. It should clarify the mind and lead us from ignorance to the state of awakening. Ultimately, cultivating right meditative concentration will reveal our Buddha nature to us and allow us to discover our true self.

### Meditation



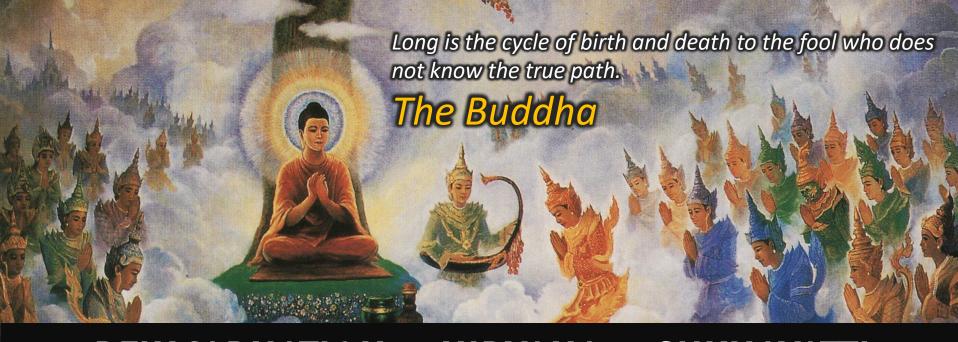


REGARD THIS PHANTOM WORLD
AS A STAR AT DAWN, A BUBBLE IN A STREAM,
A FLASH OF LIGHTNING IN A SUMMER
CLOUD, A FLICKERING LAMP—
A PHANTOM—AND A DREAM.

THE BUDDHA







# REINCARNATION & NIRVANA & SUKHAVATTI

